

**From:** [Paul Hickey](#)  
**To:** [Murphy, Tim](#)  
**Cc:** [David Leather](#); [Tim Calver](#); [David Steele](#); [Michael Kennedy](#)  
**Subject:** Muskrat Falls Report and Assistance with Astaldi Negotiations  
**Date:** Saturday, April 9, 2016 9:25:02 AM  
**Attachments:** [image001.gif](#)  
[LCP Interim Report - FINAL - MASTER 09 04 2016 markup.pdf](#)  
[LCP Interim Report - FINAL - MASTER 09 04 2016.pdf](#)

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Good morning Tim,

Thank you for allowing us time to properly consult with our Major Capital Projects team. Please find attached mark-up and clean PDF versions of EY's final Interim Report dated April 8, 2016.

We have blacklined changes to the 18<sup>th</sup> March version (last one sent to GNL) to give a clear picture of changes since that time. In that regard, we have removed references to QRA as requested. However, our team feels strongly that it is important to refer to the risk assessment activities which Nalcor is performing to arrive at a revised forecast and this language is still included. In terms of the EY recommendation, our team also feels strongly that it is important that the point on confidence level for contingency is linked to a process of thorough risk assessment, so, while this language remains, we have removed the specific term QRA.

In terms of the Astaldi position, we thought we would take this opportunity to share our views on the status of EY's involvement (or, more accurately, lack thereof) since our technical team's (David Leather, Tim Calver, et al) last meeting with the Premier and Ed Martin et al about three weeks ago. In that meeting that the Premier directed Nalcor to work with EY in relation to the Astaldi commercial position and negotiation. As previously discussed, this wasn't the case in preparation of the letter to Astaldi, but EY was nevertheless able to support this activity to ensure an appropriate letter was issued. We have remained in contact with Nalcor while the team is in the UK and have been informed by Nalcor that no direct response has been received to Nalcor's letter and assured that we would be informed of any developments. Notwithstanding this assurance, we understand from our meeting with you and the Premier on Thursday that Nalcor had in fact received a detailed response from Astaldi some weeks ago and is busy preparing a detailed response.

Our perception is that Nalcor won't allow EY to be involved in the Astaldi matter as directed by the Premier. We are concerned at our ability to contribute effectively in any response to Astaldi as we are not working with Nalcor on this and lack any context for the commercial interface between Nalcor and Astaldi over the last 3 weeks. Simply receiving the Astaldi letter will not put us in a position to support the government effectively – indeed we might be perceived as slowing things down due to the need to receive the full context surrounding the letter and the preparation of Nalcor's response.

In light of the above, we need to confirm the role requested of EY going forward in respect of the critical Astaldi negotiation. We cannot be put in a position where we are expected to provide detailed commercial advice and input in such a significant matter but are not involved in the full commercial process. We are available to discuss this further with you at your convenience and suggest a conference call with David Leather and Tim Calver on the line.

Tim, I have not copied the Clerk on this email because we have been dealing with you over the past several days. I will leave it to you to distribute internally amongst your GNL team.

I will be on cell and email all weekend if we need to talk.

Sincerely,

Paul



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**From:** Murphy, Tim [mailto:TimMurphy@gov.nl.ca]  
**Sent:** Friday, April 08, 2016 9:26 PM  
**To:** Paul Hickey  
**Subject:** Re: Muskrat Falls Report and related matters

Thanks Paul. If you could send along the report tomorrow that would be appreciated.

Tim

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Bell network.

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**From:** Paul Hickey  
**Sent:** Friday, April 8, 2016 6:07 PM  
**To:** Murphy, Tim  
**Cc:** David Steele; Tim Calver; David Leather  
**Subject:** Muskrat Falls Report and related matters

Tim,

Thank you for taking the time earlier today to talk through the report and the additional matters. Unfortunately, we were not able to properly connect with David Leather and Tim Calver today (due to time differences and travel schedules) to review the proposed changes with them as we are obliged to do. We hope to have the final revised report to you later this evening or tomorrow once we have been able to close the loop as aforementioned. I hope that is okay.

With respect to the potential positioning of 7/8 in May and 1/8 once negotiations and re-baselining are completed, we have several points which our team feel strongly about:

- We recommend a more logical split as follows: LTA and LITL for May, leaving MFG to be done once the Astaldi position is clear. The LTA/LITL position is sufficiently independent of

MFG for this to be robust.

- Communicating a 7/8 and 1/8 is not a logical split in terms of how the Project is organized. It would also be inefficient for EY's independent review and present more risk for the Government's position.
- We would recommend that the Premier make no representation about risk or comfort around the material contracts (Asltadi aside) until EY has conducted a review in May. The reasons for this are as follows:
  - EY has not been provided with a final cost/schedule forecast for 7 out of 8 contracts, in fact very far from it. We requested this information, but it has not yet been available from Nalcor as they are conducting significant reviews on Valard 327 and the 3 Alstom contracts. For the final report we expect updated cost/schedule forecasts for Astaldi, Andritz, Valard 327, 3 Alstom contracts and Barnard Penecon due to ongoing Nalcor reviews and Astaldi impacts.
  - We thought we heard the Premier allude to the reliance on the Westney report and potential release of their reported information to the public. What they will produce is unlikely to be in a form that will be appropriate to simply adopt or make publicly available. It is likely to include a range of potential outcomes and judgements then have to be made about what to account for.
  - In addition, a notable amount of time would have elapsed since our original review of already outdated information (December reports).

As discussed, it would be great if you could send along a copy of Astaldi's response letter to Nalalcor regarding the negotiations and also a copy of Nalcor's response letter to our Interim Report when you receive it.

If you think a conference call over the weekend with David Leather and Tim Calver on the line would be useful in respect of any matter, just let me know and I will try to coordinate (the more notice thereof, the easier it will be to set up the call of course).

Thank you.

Paul/David



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# Muskrat Falls Project

Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

Interim report

April 8 ~~March 15~~, 2016



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April 8 ~~March 15~~, 2016

## Muskrat Falls Project review of project cost, schedule and related risks

Ms. Mullaley,

EY has completed an interim report as part of the review of the Muskrat Falls Project's cost, schedule and related risks (the "Engagement"). Our Engagement is being performed in accordance with the statement of work dated 14 January 2016 between EY and Her Majesty in Right of Newfoundland and Labrador.

The objective of the Engagement is to assess the reasonableness of the Muskrat Falls Project's cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks. As requested, this interim report will assess the reasonableness of the Project's most recent approved cost and schedule forecast, with a final report to be provided after Nalcor Energy Ltd. ("Nalcor") completes its ongoing reforecasting process. This interim report:

- ▶ informs the Provincial Government on current material risks and issues not reflected in the September 2015 forecast;
- ▶ provides recommendations that Nalcor should consider as it completes its ~~Quantitative Risk~~ **A**assessment and re-baselining activities; and
- ▶ informs the EY final review, enabling it to be completed in a timely fashion.

The field work for this interim report was completed in January and February 2016 and consisted of reviewing project data and documentation, as well as enquiries and discussions with senior management and representatives of Nalcor, the Independent Engineer and the Provincial Government. The services provided by EY in this report are advisory in nature.

EY has not developed its own cost, schedule and risk forecast but instead assessed the reasonableness of that prepared by Nalcor.

We would like to express our appreciation for the cooperation and assistance provided to us by Nalcor, the Independent Engineer and the Provincial Government.

Yours sincerely,

Ernst & Young LLP



## Disclaimer

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of Her Majesty in Right of Newfoundland and Labrador as represented by the Executive Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by any other parties. In preparing this report, EY relied on information provided by its client and by Nalcor. EY has not audited, reviewed or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such information. This report has not considered issues relevant to third parties and is subject to certain limitations. We shall have no responsibility whatsoever to any third party that obtains a copy of this report. Any use such a third party may choose to make of this report is entirely at its own risk. We disclaim all responsibility for loss or damage, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of reliance on, decisions made or actions taken based on this report.

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# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 1 Executive summary

- 1.1 The Government of Newfoundland and Labrador (“the Provincial Government”) engaged EY to assess the reasonableness of the Muskrat Falls Project’s (“the Project”) cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks.
- 1.2 The most recent cost forecast for the Project was set in September 2015. At this time the Project schedule was not updated but was described as “under review”. This cost and schedule position (“the September 2015 Forecast”) forms the basis for the EY review to date (“the Review”) and is summarized in the table below:

Total forecast cost, including contingency	\$7.653b
Ready for sustainable power transfer Labrador to Newfoundland	November 2017
First power from Muskrat Falls	December 2017 <sup>1</sup>

- 1.3 The overall conclusion of the Review is that the September 2015 Forecast is not reasonable. The principal reasons for this conclusion are as follows:
- ▶ the Muskrat Falls Generation (“MFG”) contract for civil construction is significantly behind schedule in the Powerhouse and Intake areas. The direct and indirect consequences of this delay are expected to have material impacts on cost and schedule that are not reflected in the September 2015 Forecast;
  - ▶ the current contingency level representing 4.7% of the cost to complete<sup>2</sup>, or 2.3% of total cost, is low for the current stage of completion of the Project. More than 50% of work on the Project has now been completed, and just over 40% of the construction work has been finished. The majority of design, engineering and procurement work is complete; however, there is a significant amount of physical construction work remaining that will be followed by commissioning and integration. This construction work is challenging in terms of its scale, time and geography and as such is exposed to a wide range of execution risks; and
  - ▶ there is a risk of multiple-month delay to completion of the HVdc transmission line contract as a result of a number of delivery challenges that have been experienced to

<sup>1</sup> At the time of the September 2015 Forecast, Nalcor communicated that first power in 2017 was not achievable

<sup>2</sup> As at the 31 December 2015 reporting period compared to the September 2015 Forecast



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

date and the risks associated with the remaining scope, where full mitigation may not be possible.

- 1.4** Nalcor Energy Ltd. (“Nalcor”) has identified and documented contract risks including those above. However, the potential impacts of these risks on cost and schedule are not adequately reflected in the September 2015 Forecast. Nalcor is currently undertaking a risk assessment to evaluate the impacts of all Project risks, including the above, and will use the results of this process to prepare a revised forecast.
- 1.5** We have the following observations relevant to the conclusion in 1.3 above:
- ▶ risks defined by Nalcor as strategic are not allowed for in the financial forecast;
  - ▶ the potential cost and schedule impacts of all individual risks are recorded in the Project’s risk register but are not systematically reflected in the overall reported forecasts for cost and schedule; and
  - ▶ some anticipated material cost variances have only been reflected in the forecast cost when they are contractually committed.
- 1.6** From the above conclusion and observations, EY recommends that:
- ▶ the Project should revise its planning and forecasting processes to explicitly include the regular reporting of a fully risk-adjusted final forecast of cost and schedule;
  - ▶ the Project contingency should make appropriate allowances for all risks, including strategic, at a confidence level reflecting stakeholders’ required cost certainty. EY recommends that consideration be given to the use of a **more conservative P80** confidence level for setting Project contingency, based on a thorough **Quantitative Risk Assessment**;
  - ▶ the sufficiency of the Project contingency should be reviewed quarterly to assess whether it appropriately covers all risks, taking account of the effectiveness of mitigation plans and the likelihood of risks crystallizing; and
  - ▶ there should be separation of the Project contingency into an amount to be managed by the Project team and an amount to be managed at a higher level of governance.
- 1.7** The scope of EY’s review did not include a formal review of the Project governance<sup>3</sup> arrangements and we have not met with the members of the Board of Directors of Nalcor or its subsidiaries in this regard. However, in the course of conducting the Review, EY has observed that certain elements of governance and reporting arrangements have not been

<sup>3</sup> Project governance refers to the overall framework within which decisions are made. This covers four elements: structure, people, information and assurance, which combine to provide the necessary experience, diversity, independence, challenge and oversight to project reporting, decision making, planning and forecasting.



## Muskat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

effective in respect of the Project's cost and schedule forecasts to date. There is a need to strengthen Project governance and reporting to provide more effective oversight and constructive challenge to Project performance and execution, key decisions and forecasting.

**1.8** From these further observations, EY recommends that:

- ▶ Project governance and independent oversight should be re-evaluated by the Provincial Government and strengthened at the Project, Nalcor Board and Provincial Government levels; and
- ▶ Project reporting should be enhanced to support senior management focus on key risks and issues, to communicate more clearly how key risks are reflected in the forecast and to enable more effective Provincial Government oversight.



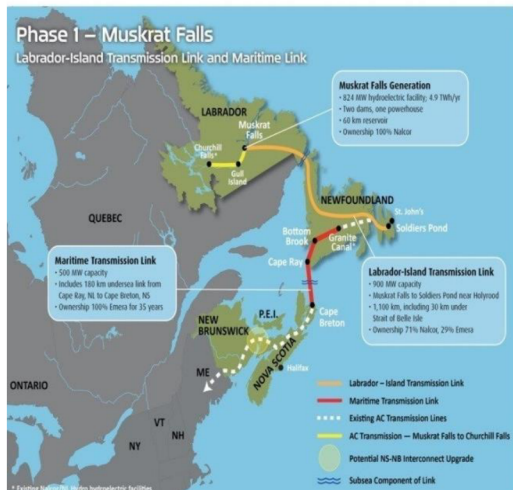
# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 2 Introduction

2.1 The Project is a multi-billion dollar program involving design, procurement, manufacture and construction over a period of more than five years, across multiple continents and with construction across multiple remote sites in Newfoundland and Labrador. There are three main sub-projects:

- ▶ **Labrador Transmission Assets:** includes a 315-kV HVac transmission interconnection from Muskrat Falls to Churchill Falls and HVac switchyards;
- ▶ **Labrador Island Transmission Link:** includes a  $\pm 350$ -kV HVdc transmission connection from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond (over 1,050 km of transmission line), HVac to HVdc converter stations, shore electrodes, and 30 km of 350-kV HVdc cable crossing at the Strait of Belle Isle; and
- ▶ **Muskrat Falls Generation Facility:** includes 4 x 206-MW (totalling 824-MW) turbine/generators, dams/spillways, river diversion, North Spur stabilization, reservoir, access road and buildings.



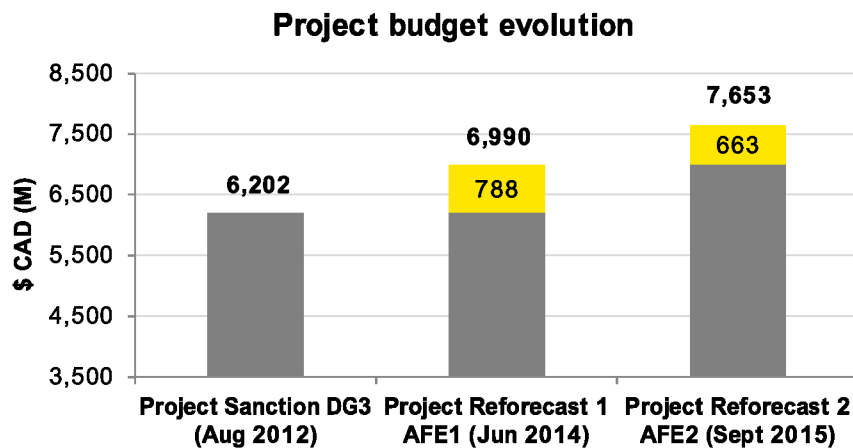
2.2 The Project is being delivered through multiple separate contracts. Nalcor performs its role through an integrated project team of approximately 400 people. SNC Lavalin was originally engaged as the Engineering, Procurement & Construction Management contractor. From November 2013, Nalcor moved to an integrated management model utilizing Nalcor staff, SNC Lavalin resources and other third-party consultants.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 2.3 The Project deploys proven technology, but the delivery is of a significant scale and subject to challenging terrain and weather conditions. For example, the HVdc transmission line, whilst using standard technology, is one of the longest such constructions in North America, with a route that includes hundreds of kilometres of remote terrain with no existing access and will be exposed to extreme weather conditions during construction and operation.
- 2.4 More than 50% of work on the Project has now been completed, and just over 40% of the construction work has been finished. The Project has been through two major cost reforecasting processes since sanction, shown in the chart below:



- 2.5 The main drivers reported by Nalcor for these cost movements were:
- ▶ market conditions and market pressures;
  - ▶ reliability improvements and design enhancements; and
  - ▶ contractor performance and project management execution.
- 2.6 The key target milestone dates in the September 2015 Forecast have not changed since the Project was sanctioned. However, Nalcor also stated as part of the September 2015 reforecast that the target dates related to the Muskrat Falls Power Generation facility will not be met and are under review.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 3 Objective and scope

- 3.1 The objective of the Review, as described in the statement of work, is to assess the reasonableness of the Project's<sup>4</sup> cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks.
- 3.2 At the start of the Review, Nalcor informed EY that it was engaged in commercial discussions with the MFG civil works contractor and that EY would not receive forecast information related to this contract during January 2016.
- 3.3 During the Review, Nalcor advised EY that the commercial discussions in relation to the MFG civil works contract would not be completed within the time frame of the Review and that Nalcor would be engaging in [risk assessment QRA](#) and re-baselining activities subsequent to the completion of those discussions.
- 3.4 As a result, this interim report will assess the reasonableness of the Project's most recent approved cost and schedule forecast – namely the September 2015 Forecast shown below:

Total forecast cost, including contingency	\$7.653b
Ready for sustainable power transfer Labrador to Newfoundland	November 2017
First power from Muskrat Falls	December 2017

- 3.5 Many key risks and issues referenced in this interim report have already been identified and documented by Nalcor. Nalcor is currently undertaking a risk assessment to evaluate the impacts of all Project risks, including the above, and will use the results of this process to prepare a revised forecast. This interim report gives Nalcor the opportunity to reflect EY's conclusions and recommendations in its upcoming forecast process.
- 3.6 EY will assess the reasonableness of Nalcor's reforecast cost and schedule once it is completed and will update this report accordingly, drawing on the work already completed in preparing this interim report.

<sup>4</sup> Does not include the Maritime Link



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 4 Approach

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- 4.1** The Review has been based on data and information provided by Nalcor. EY has not sought to independently verify this data. EY has had access to the Nalcor team; we have not had direct access to contractors. EY has not conducted any engineering review, physical inspection or validation of construction process. Primary sources of data have been:
- ▶ Nalcor and contractor monthly reports;
  - ▶ management presentations and follow-up discussions;
  - ▶ meeting with the Independent Engineer;
  - ▶ specific data requests; and
  - ▶ interviews with members of the Nalcor project team.
- 4.2** Due to the scale of the Project and the timeline and scope of this review, EY has focused on areas likely to be material to the overall cost and schedule of the Project. We have selected 10 major contracts based on the following criteria:
- ▶ total monetary value;
  - ▶ spend to complete;
  - ▶ potential to impact other contracts; and
  - ▶ potential to impact critical path.
- 4.3** For each of these contracts, cost and schedule risk has first been considered at the individual contract level. Individual contract risks may be partially or wholly mitigated at the Project level through cost or schedule contingency. EY has assessed whether the contract risks are appropriately reflected in the Project's September 2015 Forecast.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 5 Material cost and schedule risks

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### Context for risk assessment

- 5.1 Large projects such as the Muskrat Falls Project involve diverse and complex risks, which change through the phases of design, procurement and construction. Part of the role of the Nalcor project team is to identify, evaluate and, where possible, mitigate risks.
- 5.2 Nalcor invested heavily in upfront design and engineering to proactively manage risk in the early phases of the Project. This approach has resulted in a low degree of engineering change through the Project to date.
- 5.3 The scale, complexity and time frame of the remaining Project scope mean that significant risk still exists. Nalcor has processes in place to identify, evaluate and mitigate project risks.

### Risks to cost and schedule

- 5.4 The Review has highlighted risks in each of the following areas that are relevant to the reasonableness of the September 2015 Forecast:
  - ▶ MFG civil works contract;
  - ▶ HVdc transmission line contract;
  - ▶ HVdc converter stations contract; and
  - ▶ contingency level.

These are explained in more detail below.

### MFG civil works contract

- 5.5 The MFG civil works contract is the highest dollar value contract. This contract involves construction of a number of areas: Intake and Powerhouse, Spillway and Transition Dams. The deliverables on this contract are required to allow progress on other contracts, e.g. installation and commissioning of the turbines and generators, installation of spillway and intake gates and the balance of plant contract.





## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 5.6** Contractor performance fell significantly behind plan at the start of the contract and the rate of concrete placement volume, whilst now much improved, has continued to be below original plan levels. As a result, the volume of concrete placed is below plan in all areas, most notably in the powerhouse and powerhouse intake areas. There have been a number of contributory factors identified by Nalcor, including but not limited to:
- ▶ slower than required contractor's mobilization and ramp up;
  - ▶ inadequate planning and establishment of required infrastructure;
  - ▶ lower than planned concrete placement rates;
  - ▶ number of contractor's project manager replacements and contractor's project management personnel changes;
  - ▶ quality of contractor's management resources for the first 15 months of the contract;
  - ▶ overall contractor performance, management and supervision for the first 15 months of the contract; and
  - ▶ a key feature of the contractor's execution plan was the contractor's Integrated Cover System (ICS), designed to enable winter working on the powerhouse. The ICS was not successfully delivered, which significantly impacted the ability to place concrete during the winter months. The ICS has now been removed.
- 5.7** Concrete placement rates improved significantly after Q1 2015, in part due to intensive contractor performance management by Nalcor. Progress on this contract is significantly behind the original contract schedule.
- 5.8** The contract structure was designed to realize possible savings in construction labour productivity and also to protect Nalcor from any labour cost overruns that might be experienced by the contractor. It was intended that this would be achieved by including in the contract a maximum value for labour that Nalcor would have to pay to the contractor. However, the payment mechanism is based on person-hours expended rather than m<sup>3</sup> of concrete poured. This mechanism did not capture the potential for poor contract management of labour and the consequent decoupling of labour paid for from work completed (measured by m<sup>3</sup> of concrete poured). As at December 2015, the proportion of contract value paid to the contractor is significantly greater than the proportion of the concrete that has been placed.
- 5.9** The impacts of these risks and issues to both cost and schedule were identified by Nalcor, but not fully reflected in the September 2015 Forecast. Nalcor indicated this was due to the ongoing discussions between Nalcor and the contractor.
- 5.10** The work to be performed under this contract is on the Project's critical path, so the known schedule delay will directly impact overall Project milestones. This delay will also have a



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

knock-on impact to Nalcor's Project costs and to costs of other impacted contracts. The scale of this aggregate cost impact is in excess of the Project contingency level.

#### HVdc transmission line contract

- 5.11 The HVdc transmission line contract is the second largest contract by dollar value and involves the construction of a 1,050 km HVdc transmission line from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond near St. John's. This route crosses remote and challenging terrain, for example the Long Range Mountains. The same contractor is also nearing completion on the construction of the HVac transmission line connecting Muskrat Falls to Churchill Falls under a separate contract.
- 5.12 In the first nine months of the 32-month contract duration, actual progress has been only 50% of plan.
- 5.13 Recent contractor performance has improved, and potential mitigation for some of the schedule risk may be available by mobilizing additional skilled crews from the successful execution of the HVac contract. The physical distribution of the work also means that it is possible, at the contractor's own cost, to work on multiple work fronts to improve progress. The contractor is incentivized through the terms of the contract to minimize delay.
- 5.14 However, risks exist to future schedule performance, including continued below plan performance from the contractor, weather conditions and areas requiring a higher proportion of more complex foundation installations.
- 5.15 Performance to date and the ongoing risks described above create potential for a multiple-month delay to the contract schedule. This potential delay could be greater than the time contingency included in Nalcor's Project schedule and so presents a risk to overall Project milestones.

#### HVdc convertor stations contract

- 5.16 The HVdc convertors are situated at either end of the HVdc line and convert the AC current used in the existing distribution grid to the DC current used to transport power from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond and back again to AC current. Nalcor and the contractor are currently forecasting delays to the mechanical completion of the convertor stations, with the Muskrat Falls delay being approximately two months. Mitigation plans are being implemented to maintain the forecast and recover this delay; however, the contractor would be required to more than double its rate of progress to date to maintain the forecast schedule.
- 5.17 Nalcor expects improved progress and the contractor is incentivized through the terms of the contract to minimize delay. Nevertheless, based on past performance and the proposed work



# Muskrat Falls Project

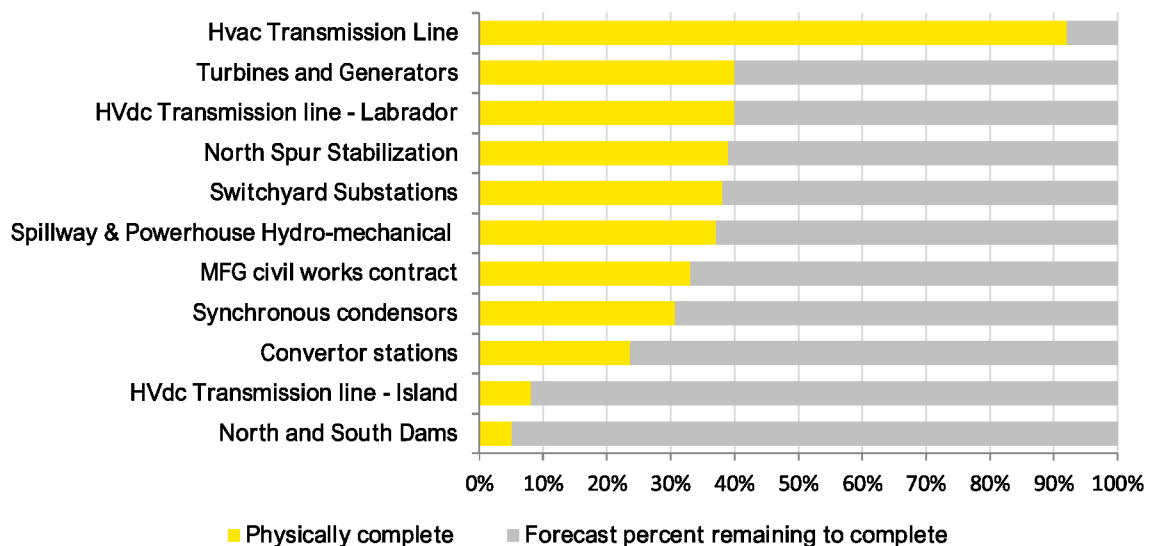
## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

forecast for this contract, there is a risk of additional schedule delay, which would directly impact the Project milestones for the power transfer from Labrador to Newfoundland.

### Contingency

- 5.18 The amount of the contingency remaining at 31 December 2015 was \$173m, which represented 4.7% of the cost to complete, or 2.3% of total cost.
- 5.19 This contingency amount must cover any cost increases resulting from budget overruns or schedule delays. The extent of Project completion and the complexity of the remaining Project scope are relevant to the calculation of the appropriate level of contingency the Project should hold.
- 5.20 The Project is more than 50% complete overall, with just over 40% of construction now completed. Design and engineering are almost complete and procurement is over 90% complete.
- 5.21 Nevertheless, the scale, complexity and time frame of the remaining execution mean that there is potential for significant risk. This is illustrated by the scope of work to be completed on major contracts, as shown in the chart below<sup>5</sup>:

**Selected major contracts**  
Physical progress as at 31 December 2015



<sup>5</sup> HVdc transmission line contract has been separated into two scopes for the purposes of the chart



## Muskat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 5.22 Commissioning and integration activities have not yet started. These are a frequent source of risk in major power projects. However, planning for these activities is underway.
- 5.23 Nalcor has identified and documented risks associated with all remaining scope, including commissioning and integration, and there is opportunity to mitigate some of these risks. In addition, the contract structures in place provide some protection for cost and schedule risk.
- 5.24 Nevertheless, EY has concluded that the current contingency level is low based on the remaining scope of work to complete and the degree of execution risk. Nalcor is currently undertaking a [risk assessmentQRA](#) that should be used to inform the amount of contingency required.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 6 Other observations

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### Planning for strategic risks

- 6.1 The Project defines risks to be either tactical or strategic – the latter are those considered by Nalcor to be outside of the controllable scope of the Project team. A quantitative assessment of strategic risks was made at the time of the sanction process, but no explicit allowance was made in the form of a quantified reserve in the sanction budget.
- 6.2 The contingency in the September 2015 Forecast was only deemed to include the tactical risks, and there is no quantified reserve held elsewhere to allow for the strategic risks.
- 6.3 The following risks are classified by Nalcor as strategic:
- ▶ Schedule risks - relating to bad weather, to the volume of work required to deliver the powerhouse (particularly given the challenging performance assumptions for powerhouse concrete) and schedule challenges for certain sections of the transmission line;
  - ▶ Performance risks – the risks of not being able to achieve the performance rates and productivity assumed in the schedule estimate and the challenges associated with being able to attract the quality of experienced front-line supervision required to manage performance; and
  - ▶ Skilled labour risks – risks of budgeted labour rates being exceeded.
- 6.4 The crystallization of risks classified as strategic was the main driver for the cost increases seen to date on the Project. Risks that would be classified as strategic are expected to continue to impact the remaining scope of the Project.

### Inclusion of risk quantification in the forecast

- 6.5 Nalcor estimates the potential cost and schedule impact of individual risks and records them in the Project risk register. The Project team develops and monitors risk mitigation plans.
- 6.6 Nalcor regularly evaluates potential cost and schedule impacts of these risks, but does not develop an aggregate position, compare it to contingency levels or integrate it into the Project forecast to provide a risk-adjusted forecast.
- 6.7 Nalcor also seeks to identify and manage specific material cost variances, but some potential variances are only reflected in the forecast when they are contractually committed or near to certain.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

#### Project governance and reporting

- 6.8 The scope of EY's review did not include a formal review of the Project governance arrangements and we have not met with the members of the Board of Directors of Nalcor or its subsidiaries in this regard. However, in the course of conducting the Review, EY has observed that certain elements of governance and reporting arrangements have not been effective in respect of the Project's cost and schedule forecasts. There is a need to strengthen Project governance and reporting to provide more effective oversight and constructive challenge to Project performance and execution, key decisions and forecasting.



## Muskat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 7 Recommendations

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7.1 The recommendations arising from the Review are as follows:

- ▶ the Project should revise its planning and forecasting processes to explicitly include the regular reporting of a fully risk-adjusted final forecast of cost and schedule;
- ▶ the Project contingency should make appropriate allowances for all risks, **including strategic, at a confidence level reflecting stakeholders' required cost certainty (including strategic)**. EY recommends that consideration be given to the use of a **more conservative P80** confidence level for setting Project contingency, based on a thorough **risk assessmentQRA**;
- ▶ the sufficiency of the Project contingency should be reviewed quarterly to assess whether it appropriately covers all risks, taking account of the effectiveness of mitigation plans and the likelihood of risks crystallizing;
- ▶ there should be separation of the Project contingency into an amount to be managed by the Project team and an amount to be managed at a higher level of governance;
- ▶ Project governance and independent oversight should be re-evaluated by the Provincial Government and strengthened at the Project, Nalcor Board and Provincial Government levels; and
- ▶ Project reporting should be enhanced to support senior management focus on key risks and issues, to communicate more clearly how key risks are reflected in the forecast and to enable more effective Provincial Government oversight.

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# Muskrat Falls Project

Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

Interim report

April 8, 2016

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April 8, 2016

## **Muskrat Falls Project review of project cost, schedule and related risks**

Ms. Mullaley,

EY has completed an interim report as part of the review of the Muskrat Falls Project's cost, schedule and related risks (the "Engagement"). Our Engagement is being performed in accordance with the statement of work dated 14 January 2016 between EY and Her Majesty in Right of Newfoundland and Labrador.

The objective of the Engagement is to assess the reasonableness of the Muskrat Falls Project's cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks. As requested, this interim report will assess the reasonableness of the Project's most recent approved cost and schedule forecast, with a final report to be provided after Nalcor Energy Ltd. ("Nalcor") completes its ongoing reforecasting process. This interim report:

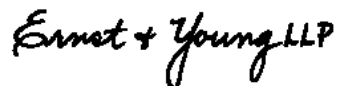
- ▶ informs the Provincial Government on current material risks and issues not reflected in the September 2015 forecast;
- ▶ provides recommendations that Nalcor should consider as it completes its risk assessment and re-baselining activities; and
- ▶ informs the EY final review, enabling it to be completed in a timely fashion.

The field work for this interim report was completed in January and February 2016 and consisted of reviewing project data and documentation, as well as enquiries and discussions with senior management and representatives of Nalcor, the Independent Engineer and the Provincial Government. The services provided by EY in this report are advisory in nature.

EY has not developed its own cost, schedule and risk forecast but instead assessed the reasonableness of that prepared by Nalcor.

We would like to express our appreciation for the cooperation and assistance provided to us by Nalcor, the Independent Engineer and the Provincial Government.

Yours sincerely,



Ernst & Young LLP



## Disclaimer

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of Her Majesty in Right of Newfoundland and Labrador as represented by the Executive Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by any other parties. In preparing this report, EY relied on information provided by its client and by Nalcor. EY has not audited, reviewed or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such information. This report has not considered issues relevant to third parties and is subject to certain limitations. We shall have no responsibility whatsoever to any third party that obtains a copy of this report. Any use such a third party may choose to make of this report is entirely at its own risk. We disclaim all responsibility for loss or damage, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of reliance on, decisions made or actions taken based on this report.

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# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

### 1 Executive summary

- 1.1 The Government of Newfoundland and Labrador (“the Provincial Government”) engaged EY to assess the reasonableness of the Muskrat Falls Project’s (“the Project”) cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks.
- 1.2 The most recent cost forecast for the Project was set in September 2015. At this time the Project schedule was not updated but was described as “under review”. This cost and schedule position (“the September 2015 Forecast”) forms the basis for the EY review to date (“the Review”) and is summarized in the table below:

Total forecast cost, including contingency	\$7.653b
Ready for sustainable power transfer Labrador to Newfoundland	November 2017
First power from Muskrat Falls	December 2017 <sup>1</sup>

- 1.3 The overall conclusion of the Review is that the September 2015 Forecast is not reasonable. The principal reasons for this conclusion are as follows:
- ▶ the Muskrat Falls Generation (“MFG”) contract for civil construction is significantly behind schedule in the Powerhouse and Intake areas. The direct and indirect consequences of this delay are expected to have material impacts on cost and schedule that are not reflected in the September 2015 Forecast;
  - ▶ the current contingency level representing 4.7% of the cost to complete<sup>2</sup>, or 2.3% of total cost, is low for the current stage of completion of the Project. More than 50% of work on the Project has now been completed, and just over 40% of the construction work has been finished. The majority of design, engineering and procurement work is complete; however, there is a significant amount of physical construction work remaining that will be followed by commissioning and integration. This construction work is challenging in terms of its scale, time and geography and as such is exposed to a wide range of execution risks; and
  - ▶ there is a risk of multiple-month delay to completion of the HVdc transmission line contract as a result of a number of delivery challenges that have been experienced to

<sup>1</sup> At the time of the September 2015 Forecast, Nalcor communicated that first power in 2017 was not achievable

<sup>2</sup> As at the 31 December 2015 reporting period compared to the September 2015 Forecast

## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

date and the risks associated with the remaining scope, where full mitigation may not be possible.

- 1.4 Nalcor Energy Ltd. (“Nalcor”) has identified and documented contract risks including those above. However, the potential impacts of these risks on cost and schedule are not adequately reflected in the September 2015 Forecast. Nalcor is currently undertaking a risk assessment to evaluate the impacts of all Project risks, including the above, and will use the results of this process to prepare a revised forecast.
- 1.5 We have the following observations relevant to the conclusion in 1.3 above:
  - ▶ risks defined by Nalcor as strategic are not allowed for in the financial forecast;
  - ▶ the potential cost and schedule impacts of all individual risks are recorded in the Project’s risk register but are not systematically reflected in the overall reported forecasts for cost and schedule; and
  - ▶ some anticipated material cost variances have only been reflected in the forecast cost when they are contractually committed.
- 1.6 From the above conclusion and observations, EY recommends that:
  - ▶ the Project should revise its planning and forecasting processes to explicitly include the regular reporting of a fully risk-adjusted final forecast of cost and schedule;
  - ▶ the Project contingency should make appropriate allowances for all risks, including strategic, at a confidence level reflecting stakeholders’ required cost certainty. EY recommends that consideration be given to the use of a more conservative confidence level for setting Project contingency, based on a thorough risk assessment;
  - ▶ the sufficiency of the Project contingency should be reviewed quarterly to assess whether it appropriately covers all risks, taking account of the effectiveness of mitigation plans and the likelihood of risks crystallizing; and
  - ▶ there should be separation of the Project contingency into an amount to be managed by the Project team and an amount to be managed at a higher level of governance.
- 1.7 The scope of EY’s review did not include a formal review of the Project governance<sup>3</sup> arrangements and we have not met with the members of the Board of Directors of Nalcor or its subsidiaries in this regard. However, in the course of conducting the Review, EY has observed that certain elements of governance and reporting arrangements have not been effective in respect of the Project’s cost and schedule forecasts to date. There is a need to

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<sup>3</sup> Project governance refers to the overall framework within which decisions are made. This covers four elements: structure, people, information and assurance, which combine to provide the necessary experience, diversity, independence, challenge and oversight to project reporting, decision making, planning and forecasting.

A photograph of a large-scale construction site for the Muskrat Falls Project. The image shows several large concrete structures under construction, with extensive scaffolding and red steel cranes. The background features a forested hillside under a clear sky.

## Muskat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

strengthen Project governance and reporting to provide more effective oversight and constructive challenge to Project performance and execution, key decisions and forecasting.

1.8 From these further observations, EY recommends that:

- ▶ Project governance and independent oversight should be re-evaluated by the Provincial Government and strengthened at the Project, Nalcor Board and Provincial Government levels; and
- ▶ Project reporting should be enhanced to support senior management focus on key risks and issues, to communicate more clearly how key risks are reflected in the forecast and to enable more effective Provincial Government oversight.

# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 2 Introduction

2.1 The Project is a multi-billion dollar program involving design, procurement, manufacture and construction over a period of more than five years, across multiple continents and with construction across multiple remote sites in Newfoundland and Labrador. There are three main sub-projects:

- ▶ Labrador Transmission Assets: includes a 315-kV HVac transmission interconnection from Muskrat Falls to Churchill Falls and HVac switchyards;
- ▶ Labrador Island Transmission Link: includes a  $\pm 350$ -kV HVdc transmission connection from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond (over 1,050 km of transmission line), HVac to HVdc converter stations, shore electrodes, and 30 km of 350-kV HVdc cable crossing at the Strait of Belle Isle; and
- ▶ Muskrat Falls Generation Facility: includes 4 x 206-MW (totalling 824-MW) turbine/generators, dams/spillways, river diversion, North Spur stabilization, reservoir, access road and buildings.



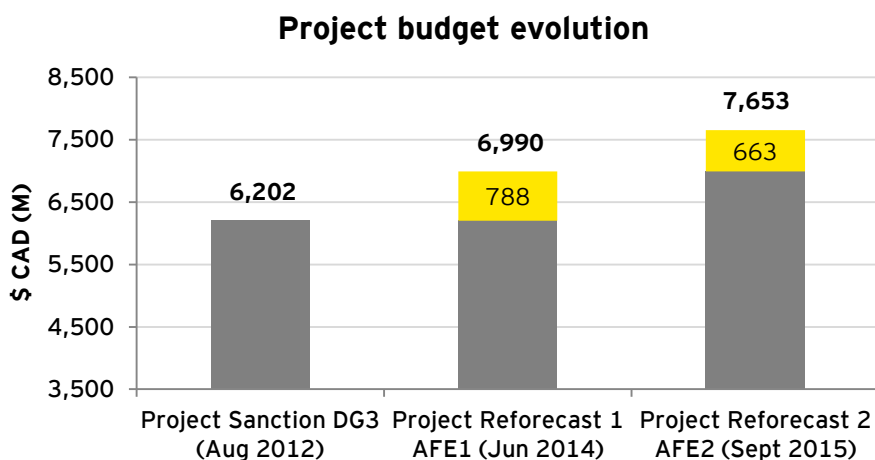
2.2 The Project is being delivered through multiple separate contracts. Nalcor performs its role through an integrated project team of approximately 400 people. SNC Lavalin was originally engaged as the Engineering, Procurement & Construction Management contractor. From November 2013, Nalcor moved to an integrated management model utilizing Nalcor staff, SNC Lavalin resources and other third-party consultants.



## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 2.3 The Project deploys proven technology, but the delivery is of a significant scale and subject to challenging terrain and weather conditions. For example, the HVdc transmission line, whilst using standard technology, is one of the longest such constructions in North America, with a route that includes hundreds of kilometres of remote terrain with no existing access and will be exposed to extreme weather conditions during construction and operation.
- 2.4 More than 50% of work on the Project has now been completed, and just over 40% of the construction work has been finished. The Project has been through two major cost reforecasting processes since sanction, shown in the chart below:



- 2.5 The main drivers reported by Nalcor for these cost movements were:
- ▶ market conditions and market pressures;
  - ▶ reliability improvements and design enhancements; and
  - ▶ contractor performance and project management execution.
- 2.6 The key target milestone dates in the September 2015 Forecast have not changed since the Project was sanctioned. However, Nalcor also stated as part of the September 2015 reforecast that the target dates related to the Muskrat Falls Power Generation facility will not be met and are under review.

# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

### 3 Objective and scope

- 3.1 The objective of the Review, as described in the statement of work, is to assess the reasonableness of the Project's<sup>4</sup> cost and schedule forecast and to identify opportunities to address any material/critical risks.
- 3.2 At the start of the Review, Nalcor informed EY that it was engaged in commercial discussions with the MFG civil works contractor and that EY would not receive forecast information related to this contract during January 2016.
- 3.3 During the Review, Nalcor advised EY that the commercial discussions in relation to the MFG civil works contract would not be completed within the time frame of the Review and that Nalcor would be engaging in risk assessment and re-baselining activities subsequent to the completion of those discussions.
- 3.4 As a result, this interim report will assess the reasonableness of the Project's most recent approved cost and schedule forecast - namely the September 2015 Forecast shown below:

Total forecast cost, including contingency	\$7.653b
Ready for sustainable power transfer Labrador to Newfoundland	November 2017
First power from Muskrat Falls	December 2017

- 3.5 Many key risks and issues referenced in this interim report have already been identified and documented by Nalcor. Nalcor is currently undertaking a risk assessment to evaluate the impacts of all Project risks, including the above, and will use the results of this process to prepare a revised forecast. This interim report gives Nalcor the opportunity to reflect EY's conclusions and recommendations in its upcoming forecast process.
- 3.6 EY will assess the reasonableness of Nalcor's reforecast cost and schedule once it is completed and will update this report accordingly, drawing on the work already completed in preparing this interim report.

<sup>4</sup> Does not include the Maritime Link

# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

### 4 Approach

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- 4.1 The Review has been based on data and information provided by Nalcor. EY has not sought to independently verify this data. EY has had access to the Nalcor team; we have not had direct access to contractors. EY has not conducted any engineering review, physical inspection or validation of construction process. Primary sources of data have been:
- ▶ Nalcor and contractor monthly reports;
  - ▶ management presentations and follow-up discussions;
  - ▶ meeting with the Independent Engineer;
  - ▶ specific data requests; and
  - ▶ interviews with members of the Nalcor project team.
- 4.2 Due to the scale of the Project and the timeline and scope of this review, EY has focused on areas likely to be material to the overall cost and schedule of the Project. We have selected 10 major contracts based on the following criteria:
- ▶ total monetary value;
  - ▶ spend to complete;
  - ▶ potential to impact other contracts; and
  - ▶ potential to impact critical path.
- 4.3 For each of these contracts, cost and schedule risk has first been considered at the individual contract level. Individual contract risks may be partially or wholly mitigated at the Project level through cost or schedule contingency. EY has assessed whether the contract risks are appropriately reflected in the Project's September 2015 Forecast.

# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 5 Material cost and schedule risks

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### Context for risk assessment

- 5.1 Large projects such as the Muskrat Falls Project involve diverse and complex risks, which change through the phases of design, procurement and construction. Part of the role of the Nalcor project team is to identify, evaluate and, where possible, mitigate risks.
- 5.2 Nalcor invested heavily in upfront design and engineering to proactively manage risk in the early phases of the Project. This approach has resulted in a low degree of engineering change through the Project to date.
- 5.3 The scale, complexity and time frame of the remaining Project scope mean that significant risk still exists. Nalcor has processes in place to identify, evaluate and mitigate project risks.

### Risks to cost and schedule

- 5.4 The Review has highlighted risks in each of the following areas that are relevant to the reasonableness of the September 2015 Forecast:
  - ▶ MFG civil works contract;
  - ▶ HVdc transmission line contract;
  - ▶ HVdc converter stations contract; and
  - ▶ contingency level.

These are explained in more detail below.

### MFG civil works contract

- 5.5 The MFG civil works contract is the highest dollar value contract. This contract involves construction of a number of areas: Intake and Powerhouse, Spillway and Transition Dams. The deliverables on this contract are required to allow progress on other contracts, e.g. installation and commissioning of the turbines and generators, installation of spillway and intake gates and the balance of plant contract.

## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 5.6 Contractor performance fell significantly behind plan at the start of the contract and the rate of concrete placement volume, whilst now much improved, has continued to be below original plan levels. As a result, the volume of concrete placed is below plan in all areas, most notably in the powerhouse and powerhouse intake areas. There have been a number of contributory factors identified by Nalcor, including but not limited to:
- ▶ slower than required contractor's mobilization and ramp up;
  - ▶ inadequate planning and establishment of required infrastructure;
  - ▶ lower than planned concrete placement rates;
  - ▶ number of contractor's project manager replacements and contractor's project management personnel changes;
  - ▶ quality of contractor's management resources for the first 15 months of the contract;
  - ▶ overall contractor performance, management and supervision for the first 15 months of the contract; and
  - ▶ a key feature of the contractor's execution plan was the contractor's Integrated Cover System (ICS), designed to enable winter working on the powerhouse. The ICS was not successfully delivered, which significantly impacted the ability to place concrete during the winter months. The ICS has now been removed.
- 5.7 Concrete placement rates improved significantly after Q1 2015, in part due to intensive contractor performance management by Nalcor. Progress on this contract is significantly behind the original contract schedule.
- 5.8 The contract structure was designed to realize possible savings in construction labour productivity and also to protect Nalcor from any labour cost overruns that might be experienced by the contractor. It was intended that this would be achieved by including in the contract a maximum value for labour that Nalcor would have to pay to the contractor. However, the payment mechanism is based on person-hours expended rather than m<sup>3</sup> of concrete poured. This mechanism did not capture the potential for poor contract management of labour and the consequent decoupling of labour paid for from work completed (measured by m<sup>3</sup> of concrete poured). As at December 2015, the proportion of contract value paid to the contractor is significantly greater than the proportion of the concrete that has been placed.
- 5.9 The impacts of these risks and issues to both cost and schedule were identified by Nalcor, but not fully reflected in the September 2015 Forecast. Nalcor indicated this was due to the ongoing discussions between Nalcor and the contractor.
- 5.10 The work to be performed under this contract is on the Project's critical path, so the known schedule delay will directly impact overall Project milestones. This delay will also have a

## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

knock-on impact to Nalcor's Project costs and to costs of other impacted contracts. The scale of this aggregate cost impact is in excess of the Project contingency level.

#### HVdc transmission line contract

- 5.11 The HVdc transmission line contract is the second largest contract by dollar value and involves the construction of a 1,050 km HVdc transmission line from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond near St. John's. This route crosses remote and challenging terrain, for example the Long Range Mountains. The same contractor is also nearing completion on the construction of the HVac transmission line connecting Muskrat Falls to Churchill Falls under a separate contract.
- 5.12 In the first nine months of the 32-month contract duration, actual progress has been only 50% of plan.
- 5.13 Recent contractor performance has improved, and potential mitigation for some of the schedule risk may be available by mobilizing additional skilled crews from the successful execution of the HVac contract. The physical distribution of the work also means that it is possible, at the contractor's own cost, to work on multiple work fronts to improve progress. The contractor is incentivized through the terms of the contract to minimize delay.
- 5.14 However, risks exist to future schedule performance, including continued below plan performance from the contractor, weather conditions and areas requiring a higher proportion of more complex foundation installations.
- 5.15 Performance to date and the ongoing risks described above create potential for a multiple-month delay to the contract schedule. This potential delay could be greater than the time contingency included in Nalcor's Project schedule and so presents a risk to overall Project milestones.

#### HVdc convertor stations contract

- 5.16 The HVdc convertors are situated at either end of the HVdc line and convert the AC current used in the existing distribution grid to the DC current used to transport power from Muskrat Falls to Soldiers Pond and back again to AC current. Nalcor and the contractor are currently forecasting delays to the mechanical completion of the convertor stations, with the Muskrat Falls delay being approximately two months. Mitigation plans are being implemented to maintain the forecast and recover this delay; however, the contractor would be required to more than double its rate of progress to date to maintain the forecast schedule.
- 5.17 Nalcor expects improved progress and the contractor is incentivized through the terms of the contract to minimize delay. Nevertheless, based on past performance and the proposed work

# Muskat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

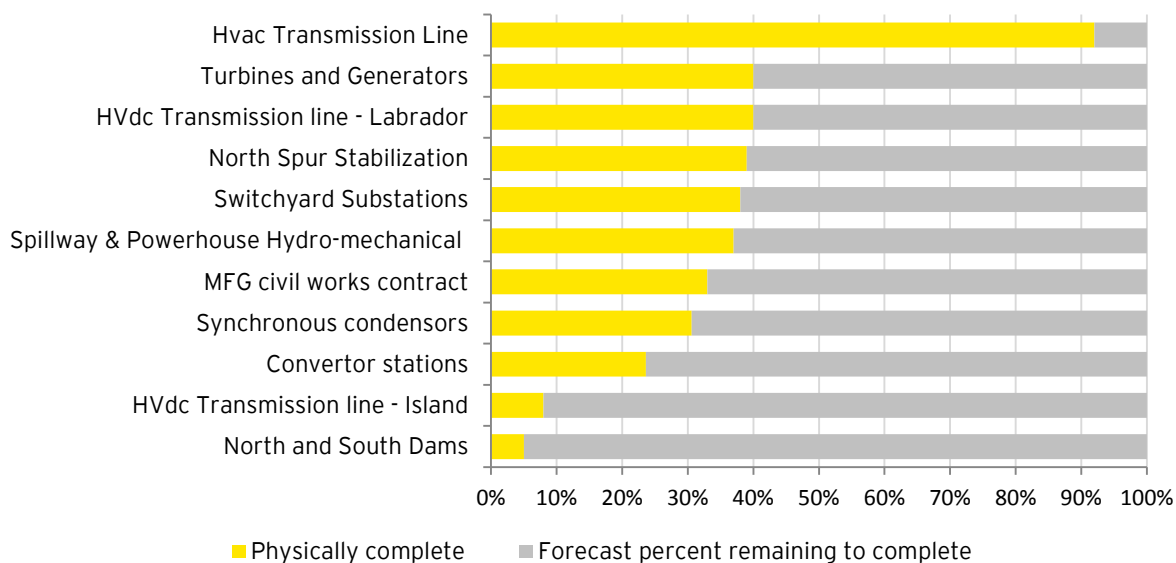
forecast for this contract, there is a risk of additional schedule delay, which would directly impact the Project milestones for the power transfer from Labrador to Newfoundland.

### Contingency

- 5.18 The amount of the contingency remaining at 31 December 2015 was \$173m, which represented 4.7% of the cost to complete, or 2.3% of total cost.
- 5.19 This contingency amount must cover any cost increases resulting from budget overruns or schedule delays. The extent of Project completion and the complexity of the remaining Project scope are relevant to the calculation of the appropriate level of contingency the Project should hold.
- 5.20 The Project is more than 50% complete overall, with just over 40% of construction now completed. Design and engineering are almost complete and procurement is over 90% complete.
- 5.21 Nevertheless, the scale, complexity and time frame of the remaining execution mean that there is potential for significant risk. This is illustrated by the scope of work to be completed on major contracts, as shown in the chart below<sup>5</sup>:

#### Selected major contracts

Physical progress as at 31 December 2015



<sup>5</sup> HVdc transmission line contract has been separated into two scopes for the purposes of the chart

A photograph showing the construction site of the Muskrat Falls Project. Large concrete structures are visible, along with red steel cranes and scaffolding. The background shows a forested area under a clear sky.

## Muskrat Falls Project

### Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

- 5.22 Commissioning and integration activities have not yet started. These are a frequent source of risk in major power projects. However, planning for these activities is underway.
- 5.23 Nalcor has identified and documented risks associated with all remaining scope, including commissioning and integration, and there is opportunity to mitigate some of these risks. In addition, the contract structures in place provide some protection for cost and schedule risk.
- 5.24 Nevertheless, EY has concluded that the current contingency level is low based on the remaining scope of work to complete and the degree of execution risk. Nalcor is currently undertaking a risk assessment that should be used to inform the amount of contingency required.



# Muskat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 6 Other observations

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### Planning for strategic risks

- 6.1 The Project defines risks to be either tactical or strategic - the latter are those considered by Nalcor to be outside of the controllable scope of the Project team. A quantitative assessment of strategic risks was made at the time of the sanction process, but no explicit allowance was made in the form of a quantified reserve in the sanction budget.
- 6.2 The contingency in the September 2015 Forecast was only deemed to include the tactical risks, and there is no quantified reserve held elsewhere to allow for the strategic risks.
- 6.3 The following risks are classified by Nalcor as strategic:
- ▶ Schedule risks - relating to bad weather, to the volume of work required to deliver the powerhouse (particularly given the challenging performance assumptions for powerhouse concrete) and schedule challenges for certain sections of the transmission line;
  - ▶ Performance risks - the risks of not being able to achieve the performance rates and productivity assumed in the schedule estimate and the challenges associated with being able to attract the quality of experienced front-line supervision required to manage performance; and
  - ▶ Skilled labour risks - risks of budgeted labour rates being exceeded.
- 6.4 The crystallization of risks classified as strategic was the main driver for the cost increases seen to date on the Project. Risks that would be classified as strategic are expected to continue to impact the remaining scope of the Project.

### Inclusion of risk quantification in the forecast

- 6.5 Nalcor estimates the potential cost and schedule impact of individual risks and records them in the Project risk register. The Project team develops and monitors risk mitigation plans.
- 6.6 Nalcor regularly evaluates potential cost and schedule impacts of these risks, but does not develop an aggregate position, compare it to contingency levels or integrate it into the Project forecast to provide a risk-adjusted forecast.
- 6.7 Nalcor also seeks to identify and manage specific material cost variances, but some potential variances are only reflected in the forecast when they are contractually committed or near to certain.

# Muskrat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

### Project governance and reporting

- 6.8 The scope of EY's review did not include a formal review of the Project governance arrangements and we have not met with the members of the Board of Directors of Nalcor or its subsidiaries in this regard. However, in the course of conducting the Review, EY has observed that certain elements of governance and reporting arrangements have not been effective in respect of the Project's cost and schedule forecasts. There is a need to strengthen Project governance and reporting to provide more effective oversight and constructive challenge to Project performance and execution, key decisions and forecasting.

# Muskat Falls Project

## Review of project cost, schedule and related risks

## 7 Recommendations

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7.1 The recommendations arising from the Review are as follows:

- ▶ the Project should revise its planning and forecasting processes to explicitly include the regular reporting of a fully risk-adjusted final forecast of cost and schedule;
- ▶ the Project contingency should make appropriate allowances for all risks, including strategic, at a confidence level reflecting stakeholders' required cost certainty. EY recommends that consideration be given to the use of a more conservative confidence level for setting Project contingency, based on a thorough risk assessment;
- ▶ the sufficiency of the Project contingency should be reviewed quarterly to assess whether it appropriately covers all risks, taking account of the effectiveness of mitigation plans and the likelihood of risks crystallizing;
- ▶ there should be separation of the Project contingency into an amount to be managed by the Project team and an amount to be managed at a higher level of governance;
- ▶ Project governance and independent oversight should be re-evaluated by the Provincial Government and strengthened at the Project, Nalcor Board and Provincial Government levels; and
- ▶ Project reporting should be enhanced to support senior management focus on key risks and issues, to communicate more clearly how key risks are reflected in the forecast and to enable more effective Provincial Government oversight.

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